



# Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund

M.L. 2026 Approved Work Plan

## General Information

**ID Number:** 2026-271

**Staff Lead:** Erin Barton

**Date this document submitted to LCCMR:** May 20, 2026

**Project Title:** Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza's Impacts on Minnesota Raptors

**Project Budget:** \$298,000

## Project Manager Information

**Name:** Dana Franzen-Klein

**Organization:** U of MN - Raptor Center

**Office Telephone:** (612) 624-4745

**Email:** franz337@umn.edu

**Web Address:** <https://www.raptor.umn.edu/>

## Project Reporting

**Date Work Plan Approved by LCCMR:** June 17, 2026

**Reporting Schedule:** April 1 / October 1 of each year.

**Project Completion:** June 30, 2029

**Final Report Due Date:** August 14, 2029

## Legal Information

**Legal Citation:** M.L. 2026, Chp. 104, Sec. 2, Subd. 06e

**Appropriation Language:** \$298,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center, in partnership with Hawk Ridge Bird Observatory, to continue to evaluate Minnesota raptors for current or past infections with highly pathogenic avian influenza virus to better understand disease transmission and outbreak impacts on raptor populations.

**Appropriation End Date:** June 30, 2029

## Narrative

**Project Summary:** Continuing surveillance for current infection and past exposure to highly pathogenic avian influenza in Minnesota's wild raptors to understand population level impacts and aid the community during this ongoing outbreak.

**Describe the opportunity or problem your proposal seeks to address. Include any relevant background information.**

Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) is having substantial impacts on Minnesota's wildlife and agriculture industry. As a hospital for injured and sick wild raptors admitting over 1,000 birds per year, The Raptor Center (TRC) is uniquely positioned to collect wildlife health data, and has been conducting crucial HPAI surveillance since the outbreak began. From March 2022 through February 2025, TRC tested over 3,500 raptors admitted to our hospital for active infection with HPAI, contributing significantly to Minnesota's wildlife disease surveillance. TRC provides real-time data on disease presence within our state, which is publicly available on our website. Additionally, we have screened more than 1,380 raptors for serological evidence of past exposure to HPAI. This serosurveillance work revealed an unexpected finding - many bald eagles are surviving exposure to HPAI, which contradicts the belief that HPAI is often fatal in raptors. In addition to testing injured, sick and orphaned raptors at TRC's hospital, we have partnered with Hawk Ridge Bird Observatory (HRBO) in Duluth to sample healthy raptors during fall migration. This two-pronged approach, sampling both injured and healthy raptors, generates a comprehensive dataset to fully understand the impacts of this unprecedented disease outbreak on Minnesota's raptors.

**What is your proposed solution to the problem or opportunity discussed above? Introduce us to the work you are seeking funding to do. You will be asked to expand on this proposed solution in Activities & Milestones.**

We propose to continue our valuable HPAI surveillance in Minnesota's raptors. Data collected from 2022 to 2025 has been relied upon by many stakeholders throughout Minnesota, including state agencies, the agriculture industry, wildlife professionals, and the general public. By collecting samples from injured, sick and orphaned raptors admitted to TRC's hospital, and healthy raptors trapped for banding at HRBO, we are gathering comprehensive information on raptor health. Along with sampling two raptor populations, we are also gathering two types of information from each bird - is the bird currently infected with HPAI, and were they previously exposed to HPAI. We are seeking funding for both polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing to look for virus in currently infected birds, and serology testing which looks for antibodies to HPAI in the blood, indicating that the bird was previously exposed to the virus and survived the infection. TRC has a public facing website that shares disease detection (PCR) data real time, and we propose to expand this website to include geographical information such as disease detection maps. Gathering data over multiple years provides insight into the long-term outlook for Minnesota's raptor populations, and is valuable to local stakeholders impacted by this ongoing outbreak.

**What are the specific project outcomes as they relate to the public purpose of protection, conservation, preservation, and enhancement of the state's natural resources?**

This disease surveillance work will continue to provide important information on the prevalence of HPAI in our state, while simultaneously gathering data on the potential impacts of this unparalleled infectious disease outbreak on our native wild raptor populations. We will share the disease prevalence (PCR) data real-time with our local stakeholders via a public facing website. Disease detections in wild birds can be a warning to local farmers, prompting them to take additional precautions to prevent disease introduction into their farms. Additionally, we will share both the PCR and serology results via multiple written and verbal venues.

## Project Location

**What is the best scale for describing where your work will take place?**

Statewide

**What is the best scale to describe the area impacted by your work?**

Statewide

**When will the work impact occur?**

During the Project and In the Future

## Activities and Milestones

### Activity 1: Testing Minnesota’s raptors for active/current HPAI infections, which are representative of current disease transmission in Minnesota’s wild birds.

**Activity Budget:** \$114,064

**Activity Description:**

Every raptor admitted to TRC (over 1,000 per year), as well as a subset of birds trapped for bird banding at HRBO (estimated 50 per year), will be tested for active HPAI infection. Because samples are collected shortly after arrival at TRC’s raptor hospital, and immediately after being trapped for banding, the results accurately represent what is happening in Minnesota’s wild raptor populations. Swabs of the mouth and vent will be collected and tested for avian influenza viruses (AIV) via a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test. If AIV is detected, the sample is sent to the National Veterinary Services Laboratory for confirmatory testing to determine pathogenicity and further characterize virus strains with genetic testing. This testing provides vital information for the medical care of the individual bird, and data about disease transmission in the area where the bird came from. Being able to collect continuous data over several years will provide invaluable information about how viral transmission is changing in wildlife populations. Because HPAI is so infectious and deadly to raptors, and can cause disease in humans, extensive personal protective equipment (PPE) and biosecurity protocols must be used to prevent unintentional disease spread when managing potentially infected birds.

**Activity Milestones:**

Description	Approximate Completion Date
Begin sample collection and testing	July 31, 2026
Complete 900-1,100 PCR tests	July 31, 2027
Complete PCR sample collection from wild raptors from TRC’s hospital and HRBO banding station	May 31, 2028
Complete in-house PCR laboratory analysis from sampled raptors	June 30, 2028

### Activity 2: Identify Minnesota raptors that are HPAI survivors through long-term serology testing

**Activity Budget:** \$135,343

**Activity Description:**

By conducting serology testing on approximately 550-700 raptors per year, we can monitor how disease immunity is changing over time, which provides insight into possible future population level impacts on Minnesota’s raptors. To obtain this information about disease immunity and survival, we will collect blood to test for the presence of avian influenza antibodies. The majority of raptors admitted to TRC’s hospital will be sampled within their first few weeks of care. At HRBO, blood is collected from a subset of birds at the time of banding during fall migration and they are released the same day. Samples will be analyzed with an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA; IDEXX® AI Multi-Screen) to test for antibodies to avian influenza viruses. A positive result on this ELISA test indicates that the bird has been exposed to some type of avian influenza virus - either a low pathogenic strain or a highly pathogenic strain. Additional testing conducted by our collaborators at the University of Georgia can confirm if that bird has been exposed to a highly pathogenic strain of avian influenza. When analyzed together, PCR, serology, and demographic surveillance data provides a long-term temporal and regional picture of this disease outbreak in Minnesota’s raptors.

**Activity Milestones:**

Description	Approximate Completion Date
Begin sample collection at TRC’s hospital	July 31, 2026
Begin sample collection at HRBO banding station	September 30, 2026
Blood sample collection from wild raptors admitted to TRC’s hospital completed	December 31, 2027

**Activity 3: Share surveillance data with collaborators and stakeholders to increase knowledge and improve response strategies to protect and preserve Minnesota wildlife**

**Activity Budget:** \$48,593

**Activity Description:**

Avian influenza response efforts involve a multitude of stakeholders including the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, Minnesota Board of Animal Health, Minnesota’s agriculture industry, and the general public. TRC has been sharing data with these stakeholders since the HPAI outbreak began. We plan to continue to engage with stakeholders and collaborators in three ways so that the data generated can help improve overall disease knowledge and response strategies. First, we will continue to maintain our public facing website, summarizing data so that Minnesotans can better understand what is happening with our native wildlife. Currently this website includes the number of HPAI detections at TRC per week and the species affected. We propose to expand the website to include geographical details about where birds were found, including the date of detection. Second, we will provide updates on our findings to stakeholders, including governmental and industry partners, so that we can better integrate wild bird data into overall agriculture, human, and wildlife health outbreak response efforts. Third, we will share the data in scientific settings to advance the overall understanding of HPAI in raptors. These efforts will help protect Minnesota’s wildlife, and place Minnesota at the forefront of HPAI research.

**Activity Milestones:**

Description	Approximate Completion Date
Update the public facing website to include geographical information	December 31, 2026
Maintain summary data (monthly) on the public facing website	June 30, 2028
Share data with governmental and industry stakeholders	June 30, 2028
Present findings to a wildlife and/or scientific audience	June 30, 2028
Provide written report(s) that include research findings	June 30, 2028

## Project Partners and Collaborators

Name	Organization	Role	Receiving Funds
Emily Pavlovic	Hawk Ridge Bird Observatory	Collect PCR and serology samples from healthy wild raptors trapped for banding during fall migration	No
Dr. Rebecca Poulson	Southeastern Cooperative Wildlife Disease Study	Conduct advanced serology testing specific to H5 and N1 Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza	No

## Dissemination

**Describe your plans for dissemination, presentation, documentation, or sharing of data, results, samples, physical collections, and other products and how they will follow ENRTF Acknowledgement Requirements and Guidelines.**

Dissemination efforts are described in more detail in Activity 3, as dissemination is an Aim of our work. Data from all sampled birds is maintained internally in a data management system. Results of PCR tests (active disease surveillance) are shared publicly on TRC's website, and with this current grant cycle we plan to increase the amount of information available on our website to increase it's utility for local stakeholders. PCR and serology results will be shared in the peer-reviewed scientific literature, and at scientific conferences. The Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund will be acknowledged through use of the trust fund logo or attribution language on project print and electronic media, publications, signage, and other communications per the ENRTF Acknowledgment Guidelines.

## Long-Term Implementation and Funding

**Describe how the results will be implemented and how any ongoing effort will be funded. If not already addressed as part of the project, how will findings, results, and products developed be implemented after project completion? If additional work is needed, how will this work be funded?**

The results of this project will provide real-time data that can be used by Minnesota's state wildlife and agriculture agencies to direct outbreak response. This research will continue to provide invaluable data about this virus's impacts on wild raptor populations in Minnesota, and can aid predictions on future impacts to our wildlife populations as this outbreak continues into the foreseeable future. The information will be shared via multiple venues with stakeholders in the scientific community, wildlife rehabilitation community, agriculture industry, regulatory agencies, and the general public.

## Other ENRTF Appropriations Awarded in the Last Six Years

Name	Appropriation	Amount Awarded
Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza and Minnesota Raptors	M.L. 2024, , Chp. 83, Art. , Sec. 2, Subd. 03v	\$187,000

## Budget Summary

Category / Name	Subcategory or Type	Description	Purpose	Gen. Ineligible	% Benefits	# FTE	Classified Staff?	\$ Amount
<b>Personnel</b>								
Project manager		Project oversight, public outreach, leading publications, conducts sample collection at TRC during busy season			36.6%	0.4		\$66,879
Wildlife veterinary researcher		Coordinating and conducting sample collection, data management, contribute to scientific pubs			36.6%	0.3		\$50,160
Veterinary technician		Sample processing, data management, working with lab tech to coordinate data and sample submission			32.3%	0.2		\$15,799
Laboratory technician		Sample preparation, processing, and laboratory testing for PCR and serology tests			36.6%	0.6		\$79,659
							<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>\$212,497</b>
<b>Contracts and Services</b>								
UMN Veterinary Diagnostic Lab	Internal services or fees (uncommon)	Testing to confirm positive PCR results from TRC research lab at the official state diagnostic lab. Because this is a federally reportable disease, the UMN diagnostic lab must receive all positive samples to confirmatory test and to send positive samples to USDA National Veterinary Services Laboratory.				0		\$7,000
University of Georgia SCWDS	Subaward	Serology samples that test positive on the general screening test will be sent to the University of Georgia for additional, advanced testing to confirm if the antibodies that were detected are specific to highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI H5 and N1). This budget line covers supply costs.		X		0		\$21,782
							<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>\$28,782</b>
<b>Equipment, Tools, and Supplies</b>								
	Tools and Supplies	Personal protective equipment (PPE) and biosecurity supplies	Supplies needed to maintain biosecurity protocols and PPE for staff working with potentially infected birds for two years. Supplies may include but are not limited to: tyvex suits,					\$17,000

			respirators, gloves, and disinfection supplies.					
	Tools and Supplies	Testing and research laboratory supplies	Materials to collect and process samples, as well as supplies needed to conduct both the PCR and serology (bELISA) tests at the TRC research lab.					\$39,721
							<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>\$56,721</b>
<b>Capital Equipment</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Acquisitions and Stewardship</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Travel In Minnesota</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Travel Outside Minnesota</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Printing and Publication</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Other Expenses</b>								
							<b>Sub Total</b>	-
							<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>\$298,000</b>

## Classified Staff or Generally Ineligible Expenses

Category/Name	Subcategory or Type	Description	Justification Ineligible Expense or Classified Staff Request
<b>Contracts and Services -</b> University of Georgia SCWDS	Subaward	Serology samples that test positive on the general screening test will be sent to the University of Georgia for additional, advanced testing to confirm if the antibodies that were detected are specific to highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI H5 and N1). This budget line covers supply costs.	There are no labs in Minnesota that are able to do the advanced serology testing that is needed to confirm that the antibodies we are detecting on our preliminary screening test that we do at UMN are H5N1 strain specific, and the University of Georgia is one of the very few labs in the country who is able to do this testing.

Non ENRTF Funds

Category	Specific Source	Use	Status	\$ Amount
<b>State</b>				
			<b>State Sub Total</b>	-
<b>Non-State</b>				
In-Kind	University of Georgia Southeastern Cooperative Wildlife Disease Study (SCWDS)	Staff time to complete the advanced serology testing outlined in activity 2	Secured	\$12,000
In-Kind	Hawk Ridge Bird Observatory	Staff time to collect PCR (activity 1) and serology (activity 2) samples	Secured	\$900
			<b>Non State Sub Total</b>	<b>\$12,900</b>
			<b>Funds Total</b>	<b>\$12,900</b>

**Total Project Cost: \$310,900**

**This amount accurately reflects total project cost?**

Yes

## Attachments

### Required Attachments

#### *Visual Component*

File: [d3d8a938-6cb.pdf](#)

#### *Alternate Text for Visual Component*

A veterinarian holds a bald eagle while wearing personal protective equipment to keep safe from HPAI. A graph showing the number of individual birds that have tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza by species at The Raptor Center from March 28, 2022 through February 25, 2025....

### Supplemental Attachments

#### *Capital Project Questionnaire, Budget Supplements, Support Letter, Photos, Media, Other*

Title	File
University of Georgia SCWDS Letter of Support	<a href="#">4c60a1bd-076.pdf</a>
Hawk Ridge Bird Observatory Letter of Support	<a href="#">4fe2fa47-439.pdf</a>
Surveillance for HPAI in raptor rehab 2022 - Scientific publication on HPAI surveillance data collected at TRC in 2022 documenting the benefit of disease surveillance in TRC's raptor hospital	<a href="#">f464e7e6-88e.pdf</a>
Exposure and survival of raptors to HPAI 2022-2023 - Scientific publication on the HPAI serology data collected at TRC prior to securing the 2024 ENRTF grant funding, results of this research are referenced in the narrative	<a href="#">660eca22-1ad.pdf</a>
Audit Report	<a href="#">edb0c867-9d5.pdf</a>
Secretary of State Good Standing	<a href="#">137ad04c-6f4.pdf</a>
990 Exemption Form	<a href="#">467d829a-38b.pdf</a>
University of Minnesota Cover Letter	<a href="#">4776f585-b5e.pdf</a>

### Difference between Proposal and Work Plan

#### *Describe changes from Proposal to Work Plan Stage*

Responded to comments in section 10. Removed the FTE equivalent under the University of Georgia budget line but did not change the budget amount, as the funds will pay for supplies and staff time is being donated in kind.

## Additional Acknowledgements and Conditions:

The following are acknowledgements and conditions beyond those already included in the above workplan:

**Do you understand and acknowledge the ENRTF repayment requirements if the use of capital equipment changes?**

N/A

**Do you understand that travel expenses are only approved if they follow the "Commissioner's Plan" promulgated by the Commissioner of Management of Budget or, for University of Minnesota projects, the University of Minnesota plan?**

N/A

**Does your project have potential for royalties, copyrights, patents, sale of products and assets, or revenue generation?**

No

**Do you understand and acknowledge IP and revenue-return and sharing requirements in 116P.10?**

N/A

**Do you wish to request reinvestment of any revenues into your project instead of returning revenue to the ENRTF?**

N/A

**Does your project include original, hypothesis-driven research?**

No

**Does the organization have a fiscal agent for this project?**

Yes, Sponsored Projects Administration

**Does your project include the pre-design, design, construction, or renovation of a building, trail, campground, or other fixed capital asset costing \$10,000 or more or large-scale stream or wetland restoration?**

No

**Do you propose using an appropriation from the Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund to conduct a project that provides children's services (as defined in Minnesota Statutes section 299C.61 Subd.7 as "the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, or recreation to children")?**

No

**Provide the name(s) and organization(s) of additional individuals assisting in the completion of this project:**

Tibor Kisel - University of Minnesota

**Do you understand that a named service contract does not constitute a funder-designated subrecipient or approval of a sole-source contract? In other words, a service contract entity is only approved if it has been selected according to the contracting rules identified in state law and policy for organizations that receive ENRTF funds through direct appropriations, or in the DNR's reimbursement manual for non-state organizations. These rules may include competitive bidding and prevailing wage requirements**

N/A