

**Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund**

# M.L. 2021 Approved Work Plan

## **General Information**

**ID Number:** 2021-010

**Staff Lead:** Corrie Layfield

**Date this document submitted to LCCMR:** July 21, 2021

**Project Title:** Enhanced Thermo-Active Foundations For Space Heating In Minnesota

**Project Budget:** $312,000

## **Project Manager Information**

**Name:** Aggrey Mwesigye

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## **Project Reporting**

**Date Work Plan Approved by LCCMR:** July 20, 2021

**Reporting Schedule:** December 1 / June 1 of each year.

**Project Completion:** June 30, 2024

**Final Report Due Date:** August 14, 2024

## **Legal Information**

**Legal Citation:** M.L. 2021, First Special Session, Chp. 6, Art. 6, Sec. 2, Subd. 07a

**Appropriation Language:** $312,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, Duluth, to design and optimize cost-competitive thermally enhanced heat exchanger systems for use in building foundations to improve energy efficiency and conservation of natural resources in Minnesota's cold climate.

**Appropriation End Date:** June 30, 2024

## **Narrative**

**Project Summary:** This project primarily involves the design and optimization of cost-competitive, thermally enhanced and compact heat exchanger systems for deep thermo-active building foundations for Minnesota’s space heating and cooling industry

**Describe the opportunity or problem your proposal seeks to address. Include any relevant background information.**

Globally, buildings contribute about 40% of the total carbon dioxide emissions and use about 36% of the total energy supplied. In Minnesota, about 78% of the total energy bill goes to providing space heating and domestic hot water supply owing to the state’s cold climate.   
 To reduce energy consumption in buildings, ground source heat pumps (GSHPs) are increasingly being considered given their ability to provide energy efficiently compared to conventional systems. They give about 25-45% energy savings compared to air source heat pumps and about 75% energy savings compared to electric resistance heating. Despite these benefits, several challenges have hindered widespread utilization of these systems. These include higher upfront costs, lack of drilling space in densely populated areas and performance degradation in cases where building heating and cooling loads vary significantly leading to ground thermal imbalance.   
 The use of thermo-active building foundations, where heat exchangers are embedded in the foundation structure has emerged as an excellent means to reduce drilling costs and space requirements for GSHPs. However, compared to conventional systems, limited studies have reported the performance of thermo-active foundations in the US climates. Moreover, these systems are shallower than conventional ones, thus requiring compact and optimized heat exchangers.

**What is your proposed solution to the problem or opportunity discussed above? i.e. What are you seeking funding to do? You will be asked to expand on this in Activities and Milestones.**

This study involves the design and optimization of thermally enhanced heat exchanger systems for thermo-active foundations for Minnesota’s cold climate. When incorporated in building foundation structures, capital costs of GSHPs will significantly reduce, leading to increased uptake of the technology. Specific emphasis will be on pile and caisson foundations which present considerable lengths for energy transfer to and from the ground and are not space intensive.   
 Moreover, we will consider the influence of different heat exchanger configurations and several backfill materials on long-term system performance. Furthermore, we will engineer optimal configurations for the incorporation of phase change material for energy storage to alleviate thermal imbalance, while optimizing the cost of these systems. Using latent thermal energy storage minimizes ground thermal imbalance and improves the long-term performance of the system.  
 Detailed determination of building energy loads for proper sizing of heat exchangers will be undertaken. This requires the use of site specific climatic data to cater for temperature variation throughout the different seasons. Moreover, ground temperature variation affects heat transfer and long-term performance. As such, for the developed systems, the long-term coefficients of performance will be established by coupling building energy modeling and finite element analysis using TRNSYS and COMSOL.

**What are the specific project outcomes as they relate to the public purpose of protection, conservation, preservation, and enhancement of the state’s natural resources?**

Successful completion of the project will provide designs of optimal configurations of enhanced heat exchangers for deep thermo-active foundations, demonstrate the influence of building energy loads on long-term system performance in Minnesota’s cold climate and establish the energy saving potential and the resulting emission reductions from these systems. Moreover, a detailed economic analysis will be undertaken to establish the cost competitiveness of the developed solutions. Adoption of these systems for space heating and cooling will lead to reduced use of natural gas and biomass for space heating resulting in the conservation and preservation of Minnesota’s natural resources.

## **Project Location**

**What is the best scale for describing where your work will take place?** Statewide

**What is the best scale to describe the area impacted by your work?** Statewide

**When will the work impact occur?** In the Future

## **Activities and Milestones**

### **Activity 1: Determination of building energy loads and ground temperature profiles for different locations in different regions of Minnesota**

**Activity Budget:** $103,460

**Activity Description:**The performance of a ground source heat pump system is influenced by the deep ground temperatures as well as the nature of the building energy loads. The building energy loads and the ground temperature are dependent on the local climatic conditions of the system’s location. In this task, we will select representative sites to be used in the evaluation of system performance. At least 25 counties representing diverse regions in the state will be considered. Moreover, we will select counties representing Northern Minnesota, North Eastern Minnesota, North Western Minnesota, Western Minnesota, South Western Minnesota, Southern Minnesota, South Eastern Minnesota, Eastern Minnesota and Central Minnesota. One site from each county will be considered.  
For the selected sites, climatic data will be collected from different sources including the Minnesota State Climatology Office, the National Weather Services, the U.S. Climate data and others. This data will be organized and analyzed for use in the energy modelling studies. Then, models for determining the building heating and cooling loads for each site will be developed in the transient system simulation (TRNSYS) software.

**Activity Milestones:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Description** | **Completion Date** |
| Selection of different locations within the state for use in building energy modelling and transient system analysis studies | September 30, 2021 |
| Development of soil thermal property and ground temperature variation models for the selected sites | November 30, 2021 |
| Development of building models in TRNBuild for use in the determination of building loads | December 31, 2021 |
| Determination of building energy loads for the selected sites using TRNSYS | June 30, 2022 |

### **Activity 2: Development, evaluation and optimization of thermally enhanced heat exchanger configurations for thermo-active building foundations in cold climates**

**Activity Budget:** $139,100

**Activity Description:**To properly design and size heat exchanger for thermo-active building foundations, a survey of the different deep foundations used in Minnesota will be undertaken. We will particularly look for the available diameters and depths of the pile and drilled caisson foundations. Furthermore, a survey of available heat exchanger designs for ground source heat pump systems will be done to be used for benchmarking performance of the developed concepts. With this information, at least three different designs of heat exchangers for thermo-active foundations for cold climates will be developed, evaluated and the best configurations optimized for further study. First law and second laws of thermodynamics with entropy generation minimization will be used to determine optimal configurations. Furthermore, optimal ways for incorporation of latent thermal energy storage (LTES) will be engineered and evaluated. It should be noted that this study does not intend to design building foundations, but heat exchanger systems that can be incorporated in already existing designs of foundation structures.

**Activity Milestones:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Description** | **Completion Date** |
| Development, evaluation and selection of thermally enhanced heat exchanger concepts for thermo-active foundations. | June 30, 2023 |
| Development of numerical models of different concepts and evaluation of the potential enhancements with LTES | August 31, 2023 |
| Development of a field scale system model to investigate long-term system performance with/without LTES | December 31, 2023 |

### **Activity 3: Evaluation of long-term system performance and techno-economic assessment of the developed heat exchanger systems**

**Activity Budget:** $69,440

**Activity Description:**Knowledge of the long-term performance of the system is essential in ensuring reliability and determining whether the system will continue to perform as expected. Here, the performance of the developed heat exchanger systems in a thermo-active foundation will be evaluated over 4 year, 10 year and 25 year periods. The coefficient of performance of the system over time will be evaluated to establish: (i) any performance enhancements or degradation, (iii) the energy usage and resulting carbon dioxide emission reductions, and (iii) the overall value of the technology by looking at benefits (savings) and costs - the Net Present Value (NPV) of such an investment will be determined. Moreover, the influence of latent energy storage on ground thermal imbalance will be investigated and any improvements in performance quantified and compared with a system having no latent thermal energy storage.

**Activity Milestones:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Description** | **Completion Date** |
| Determination of energy savings and emission reduction potential of the developed systems | April 30, 2024 |
| Numerical simulation and determination of the long-term performance of the developed enhanced thermo-active foundations. | April 30, 2024 |
| Development of a techno-economic assessment model to evaluate feasibility and profitability of different configurations | June 30, 2024 |

## **Project Partners and Collaborators**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Organization** | **Role** | **Receiving Funds** |
| Robert D. Palumbo | University of Minnesota Duluth | Prof. Palumbo has extensive experience in heat transfer and thermodynamics, he will be assisting with the assessment and evaluation of different heat exchanger configurations. He will also co-mentor the postdoctoral fellow and the masters students working on the project. | No |

## **Dissemination**

**Describe your plans for dissemination, presentation, documentation, or sharing of data, results, samples, physical collections, and other products and how they will follow ENRTF Acknowledgement Requirements and Guidelines.**We will share our results with stakeholders in the Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) industry, more specifically those in the design and installation and of ground source heat pump systems. Our plan is to present our findings at the Minnesota Geothermal Heat Pump Association's conference reaching local industry and experts and also at relevant national conferences such as the American Society of Mechanical Engineers' Energy and Sustainability conference and the International Ground Source Heat Pumps Association (IGSHPA) annual conference. Moreover, will also prepare and submit our work to independent peer-reviewed scientific journals for publication. In addition, we will also reach out to local industry to establish potential collaboration and eventually work towards securing funding for field testing of the developed technology to demonstrate its technical and financial viability to interested users.   
  
During the dissemination of study findings, The Minnesota Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund (ENRTF) will be acknowledged through use of the  
trust fund logo or attribution language on project print and electronic media, publications, signage, and other communications per the ENTRF Acknowledgment Guidelines

## **Long-Term Implementation and Funding**

**Describe how the results will be implemented and how any ongoing effort will be funded. If not already addressed as part of the project, how will findings, results, and products developed be implemented after project completion? If additional work is needed, how will this be funded?**Results from the study will be shared with stakeholders in industry and professionals in the Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning and refrigeration (HVAC&R) discipline. With the results obtained from this study, we anticipate partnering with industry to write a grant proposal to be submitted to the U.S. Department of Energy for field scale experimentation and demonstration of performance of the optimized heat exchanger configurations for thermo-active foundations. Such experiments will enable us to validate the long-term performance of the system which is essential in assuring potential clients of the performance and reliability of the technology.

## **Budget Summary**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Category / Name** | **Subcategory or Type** | **Description** | **Purpose** | **Gen. Ineli gible** | **% Bene fits** | **# FTE** | **Class ified Staff?** | **$ Amount** |
| **Personnel** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Undergraduate research assistants |  | Two U of M undergraduate research assistants (5 hrs/week, 0.125 FTE each year for 2 years i.e. 25% for two students). Conducting numerical studies and assisting with the survey of building foundations and review of heat exchangers for GSHPs |  |  | 0% | 0.75 |  | $9,891 |
| 1 MSc Research Assistant |  | 1 U of M MSc student working of determination of energy loads using Transient System Simulation (TRNSYS) software and numerical modeling using COMSOL. Full time for two years and two summer periods (0.5 FTE, 19.9% fringe benefits: 50% of time per year and 25% for the summer months) |  |  | 19.9% | 1.25 |  | $85,570 |
| Postdoctoral Fellow |  | Assisting the PI with project administration and performing numerical modelling studies in both TRNSYS and COMSOL. Includes two periods of summer appointment. ($50000 base salary for 0.7 FTE and 20.2% fringe benefits) |  |  | 20.2% | 1.75 |  | $135,100 |
| Principal investigator, Mwesigye |  | Project administration, student advising and development of numerical models in COMSOL. $14,145/yr (74% salary, 26% fringe). 50% paid effort during summer months x 3 yrs. |  |  | 26% | 0.39 |  | $57,939 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **$288,500** |
| **Contracts and Services** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Equipment, Tools, and Supplies** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tools and Supplies | TRNSYS software | TRNSYS is a transient thermal system simulation software, it will be used for the determination of building loads, which is essential for the prediction of the performance of a ground source heat pump |  |  |  |  | $5,500 |
|  | Tools and Supplies | 1 COMSOL Multiphysics Floating Network Licence. Initial licence cost and subscription for two years | COMSOL Multiphysics will be used for most of the numerical simulations. It will be use for both steady state and transient simulations studies to determine ground temperature variation and the coefficient of performance over a period of 10 years |  |  |  |  | $14,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **$19,500** |
| **Capital Expenditures** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Acquisitions and Stewardship** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Travel In Minnesota** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Miles/ Meals/ Lodging | During the course or the project, we will establish connections with industry. Visits are anticipated as the project progresses | Meeting potential industry partners in the state and collaborating travel to sites where installation of geothermal heat pump systems might be taking place. Also presentation of findings to potential industrial partners |  |  |  |  | $1,000 |
|  | Conference Registration Miles/ Meals/ Lodging | Minnesota Geothermal Heat Pump Association Conference for one person every year. Conference registration, meals and transport at a cost of 1000 per person per year | I am in the process of registering as a member of the Minnesota Geothermal Heat Pump Association, the largest geothermal assembly of installers, designers and educators in Minnesota, as a group we plan to be attending the annual conference and present our findings and learning from the contractors |  |  |  |  | $3,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **$4,000** |
| **Travel Outside Minnesota** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Printing and Publication** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Other Expenses** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Sub Total** | **-** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Grand Total** | **$312,000** |

### **Classified Staff or Generally Ineligible Expenses**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Category/Name** | **Subcategory or Type** | **Description** | **Justification Ineligible Expense or Classified Staff Request** |

### **Non ENRTF Funds**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Category** | **Specific Source** | **Use** | **Status** | **Amount** |
| **State** |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | **State Sub Total** | **-** |
| **Non-State** |  |  |  |  |
| In-Kind | University of Minnesota Unrecovered indirect costs at 55% Modified total direct costs | This is the unrecovered indirect cost amount contributed to the running of the project by the University of Minnesota | Secured | $184,331 |
|  |  |  | **Non State Sub Total** | **$184,331** |
|  |  |  | **Funds Total** | **$184,331** |

## **Attachments**

### **Required Attachments**

#### ***Visual Component***

File: [c1b76fa9-b3d.pdf](https://lccmrprojectmgmt.leg.mn/media/map/c1b76fa9-b3d.pdf)

#### ***Alternate Text for Visual Component***

The attached visual shows how the ground source heat pump system maintains thermal comfort in winter and summer by exchanging heat with the ground. The second visual shows a helical steel type pile thermo-active foundation and the incorporated u-loop heat exchanger. Different enhanced heat exchanger configurations will be developed, optimized and compared with this conventional type....

### **Optional Attachments**

#### ***Support Letter or Other***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Title** | **File** |
| Approved Research Addendum | [07d7c324-56e.docx](https://lccmrprojectmgmt.leg.mn/media/attachments/07d7c324-56e.docx) |
| Background Check Certification | [a27c986e-c33.pdf](https://lccmrprojectmgmt.leg.mn/media/attachments/a27c986e-c33.pdf) |

## **Difference between Proposal and Work Plan**

#### ***Describe changes from Proposal to Work Plan Stage***

Revision No.1  
The main differences between the proposal and workplan are in the budget items. The budget has been revised to be inline with the recommended funding: The personnel costs have been revised by eliminating summer funding for the postdoc, reducing the amount from $61, 584 to $135,100, one undergraduate researcher will be hired now instead of two bringing the cost down from $18,984 to $9,891 and the PI from $59,677 to $57,939. The cost of software has also been changed and fewer essential libraries will now be purchased. COMSOL reduced from $21,185 to $14,000, TRNSYS from $11,000 to $5,500. Travel costs have been reduced from $9000 to $4000. A section on dissemination was added. Milestone 1 under activity 2 has also been deleted, this will be part of the literature review and not a milestone.  
  
Revision No.2  
Corrections have been made to the budget to have the benefits and the description the same. The values for the budget have not changed from the figures of the previous revision. We have now indicated the potential for patents from the study. We have specified at least 25 counties representing different regions to be considered for activity 1 and at least three heat exchanger configurations for activity 2.

## **Additional Acknowledgements and Conditions:**

The following are acknowledgements and conditions beyond those already included in the above workplan:

**Do you understand and acknowledge the ENRTF repayment requirements if the use of capital equipment changes?**   
 N/A

**Do you agree travel expenses must follow the "Commissioner's Plan" promulgated by the Commissioner of Management of Budget or, for University of Minnesota projects, the University of Minnesota plan?**   
 Yes, I agree to the UMN Policy.

**Does your project have potential for royalties, copyrights, patents, or sale of products and assets?**   
 Yes

**Do you understand and acknowledge IP and revenue-return and sharing requirements in 116P.10?**   
 Yes

**Do you wish to request reinvestment of any revenues into your project instead of returning revenue to the ENRTF?**   
 No

**Does your project include original, hypothesis-driven research?**   
 Yes

**Does the organization have a fiscal agent for this project?**   
 No