

# **Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund (ENRTF)**

M.L. 2020 ENRTF Work Plan (Main Document)

Today's Date: August 23, 2019 Date of Next Status Update Report: April 1, 2021 Date of Work Plan Approval: Project Completion Date: June 30, 2023 Does this submission include an amendment request? \_\_\_\_

# PROJECT TITLE:

Project Manager: Dr. Rebecca Montgomery
Organization: University of Minnesota
College, Department, or Division: College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Science, Department of Forest Resources
Mailing Address: 1530 Cleveland Ave. N. Green Hall 115
City, State, Zip Code: St. Paul, MN 55108
Project Manager Direct Telephone Number: 612-624-7249
Email Address: rebeccam@umn.edu
Web Address: ecophys.umn.edu

Location: Carlton, St. Louis, Aitken Counties, Northeast

Total Project Budget: \$147,000 Amount Spent: \$0 Balance: \$147,000

**Legal Citation:** M.L. 2020, Chp. xx, Sec. xx, Subd. xx **Appropriation Language:** 

# **PROJECT STATEMENT:**

We propose to extend our Phase I project that compares the response of brushland vegetation and the bird community to prescribed burns conducted in the spring, summer, and fall to include 3 and 5 year post-fire surveys. Our Phase I project documents vegetation and bird responses 1 and 2 years after fire, and builds a nice foundation, but later post-burn surveys are needed to understand how the season of burning influences the ability to effectively maintain open brushland conditions over longer time periods. Bird and vegetation responses 3 and 5 years after burns will help understand how the response to burning changes over time and if the season of burning produces different long-term effects on the brushland ecosystem.

Brushlands cover approximately ~8.5 million acres (20% land surface) in Minnesota and provide critical habitat for over 250 wildlife species, including >80 species on the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (DNR) list of Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) including 38 birds, 17 mammals, 12 reptiles, 2 amphibians, and 12 insects. Numerous game species also use brushland habitats including sharp-tailed grouse, American woodcock, white-tailed deer, and furbearers.

Prior to European settlement, Minnesota's brushlands were maintained by frequent wildfires. These burns happened frequently in summer and fall due to lightning strikes and fires set by Native Americans. Today, brushlands are maintained by prescribed burns conducted primarily in the spring. Prescribed fires in spring are less hot and are easy to control. However, cooler fires may be less effective in achieving habitat goals of maintaining open conditions by preventing the conversion of brushland to forest.

Why don't managers burn brushlands more often in summer and fall? Burning in summer and fall seasons is more challenging because conditions are less frequently suitable for burning. Thus, without science clearly illustrating the benefits of summer and fall fires, little incentive exists to take on the additional challenge of trying to accomplish burns when burn windows are less frequent. Showing benefits of a more varied burn season schedule will help justify changes to existing management, ultimately benefiting wildlife.

Prior to Phase I, we knew very little about effects of burning in different seasons on brushland vegetation. Results to date provide preliminary support for implementing burns in multiple seasons. We have recorded 105 bird species, including 26 SGCNs, and documented several new county records for plant species including 2 state threatened species. However, we are limited in the inferences we can make with data from only 1-2 years postfire. Fall and summer fires appear to create patchiness in the vegetation due to variation in where the fire burned hotter and cooler. This patchiness supports more species. However, re-sprouting occurred 1 year after spring and fall fires.

We will compare the longer-term effects of spring, summer, and fall prescribed burns on brushland breeding birds and vegetation in 1200 acres of brushland in central and NE Minnesota. Our project will:

- provide data on the habitat benefits of spring, summer, and fall burns
- develop best management practices for maintaining healthy brushland habitat
- improve brushland habitat management to meet the needs of diverse wildlife and native plant species

## **II. OVERALL PROJECT STATUS UPDATES:**

First Update April 1, 2021 Second Update October 1, 2021 Third Update April 1, 2022 Fourth Update October 1, 2022 Fifth Update April 1, 2023

# **III. PROJECT ACTIVITIES AND OUTCOMES:**

**ACTIVITY 1 Title:** Assess vegetation and bird responses 3-5 year after prescribed burns on 1200 acres of brushland habitat in central/NE Minnesota

**Description:** In phase I, our DNR partners conducted prescribed burns at 4 sites in each of 3 seasons: spring, summer and fall (10 burns total). Due to weather, these burns were implemented over 3 different years (2016, 2017, 2018), limiting initial plans for multiple years of post-fire data at all sites. To date we have data for either 1 or 2 years following burning for vegetation and birds. Here, we request funding to extend both plant and bird surveys, gaining valuable information for all sites 3 and 5 years after burns. The project has been very successful to date and garnered a lot of interest and attention. What remains unknown is how long the effect of fire will be seen in plant and bird communities and how that might vary with season of fire.

#### ACTIVITY 1 ENRTF BUDGET: \$137,000

Outcome	Completion Date
1. 1200 acres surveyed for birds 3 and 5 years after spring, summer, & fall fires	July 2022
2. 1200 acres surveyed for vegetation response 3 and 5 years after spring, summer, &	August 2022
fall fire	
3. Dataset of fire effects and vegetation response compiled and analyzed	February 2023

#### First Update April 1, 2021

Second Update October 1, 2021

Third Update April 1, 2022

Fourth Update October 1, 2022

Fifth Update April 1, 2023

Final Report between project end (June 30) and August 15, 2023

#### ACTIVITY 2 Title: Enhance manager guide for brushland habitat

**Description:** We will update the best management practices guide developed in Phase I. The goal of management of these ecosystems is to restore and maintain diverse brushland habitat for non-game and game wildlife species. Having data from 3 and 5 years post burn would provide a much stronger basis for developing new prescriptions that incorporate season. Our DNR partners currently burn at least once every 5 years. Thus, collecting data on effect of seasons 3 and 5 years post-fire would cover the entire range of post-burn conditions normally associated with current management.

#### ACTIVITY 2 ENRTF BUDGET: \$10,000

pletion Date
ch 2023
2023

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First Update April 1, 2021 Second Update October 1, 2021 Third Update April 1, 2022 Fourth Update October 1, 2022 Fifth Update April 1, 2023 Final Report between project end (June 30) and August 15, 2023

# **IV. DISSEMINATION:**

#### **Description:**

Results of this study will be presented at local, regional, and national meetings (e.g. Sustainable Forests Education Cooperative Annual Research Round-up, The Wildlife Society). Findings will be published in peer-reviewed journals, in outreach newsletters (e.g., the Lake States Fire Science Consortium), and posted annually on the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (MN DNR) website in the Summaries of Wildlife Research Findings section found at <a href="http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/publications/wildlife/index.html">http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/publications/wildlife/index.html</a>. Project description and results will also be available through websites of the University of Minnesota's Department of Forest Resources (<a href="http://www.forestry.umn.edu/">http://www.forestry.umn.edu/</a>) and Center for Forest Ecology (<a href="http://cffe.cfans.umn.edu/">http://cffe.cfans.umn.edu/</a>).

Research will form the basis of an M.S. thesis that will be publically available through the University of Minnesota.

As described in Activity 2, webinars and workshops aimed at developing BMP and management guidelines also disseminate results. BMP and management guidelines will be made publically available on the MN DNR website (<u>http://www.dnr.state.mn.us</u>) and in paper form when requested.

The Minnesota Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund (ENRTF) will be acknowledged through use of the trust fund logo or attribution language on project print and electronic media, publications, signage, and other communications per the <u>ENRTF Acknowledgement Guidelines</u>.

First Update April 1, 2021 Second Update October 1, 2021 Third Update April 1, 2022 Fourth Update October 1, 2022 Fifth Update April 1, 2023 Final Report between project end (June 30) and August 15, 2023

## V. ADDITIONAL BUDGET INFORMATION:

A. Personnel and Capital Expenditures

Explanation of Capital Expenditures Greater Than \$5,000: N/A

Explanation of Use of Classified Staff: N/A

Total Number of Full-time Equivalents (FTE) Directly Funded with this ENRTF Appropriation:

02/28/2020

Enter Total Estimated Personnel Hours for entire	Divide total personnel hours by 2,080 hours in
duration of project: 4080	1 yr = TOTAL FTE: 1.96

# Total Number of Full-time Equivalents (FTE) Estimated to Be Funded through Contracts with this ENRTF Appropriation:

Enter Total Estimated Contract Personnel Hours	Divide total contract hours by 2,080 hours in 1
for entire duration of project: N/A	yr = TOTAL FTE: N/A

#### VI. PROJECT PARTNERS:

A. Partners outside of project manager's organization receiving ENRTF funding

N/A All those funded are withing the project manager's organization

B. Partners outside of project manager's organization NOT receiving ENRTF funding

Charlotte Roy (MN DNR) and Lindsey Shartell (MN DNR), provide expertise on habitat characteristics for wildlife.

## VII. LONG-TERM- IMPLEMENTATION AND FUNDING:

Upon completion of Phase II of the project, research sites will return to DNR fire management rotation informed by the data collected in this study. Understanding how effects vary over time will help set burn season schedules to meet desired management goals for habitat and wildlife.

## VIII. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:

- Project status update reports will be submitted April 1 and October 1 each year of the project
- A final report and associated products will be submitted between June 30 and August 15, 2023

## IX. SEE ADDITIONAL WORK PLAN COMPONENTS:

## A. Budget Spreadsheet

- **B. Visual Component or Map**
- C. Parcel List Spreadsheet
- D. Acquisition, Easements, and Restoration Requirements
- E. Research Addendum

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Attachment A: Project Budget Spreadsheet
Environment and Natural Resources Trust Fund
M.L. 2020 Budget Spreadsheet
Legal Citation:
Project Manager: Rebecca Montgomery
Project Title: Prescribed Burning for Brushland-dependent Species-Phase II



Organization: University of Minnesota

Project Budget: \$147,000

Project Length and Completion Date: 3 years; June 30, 2023

Today's Date: August 23, 2019 

ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND BUDGET		Budget		Amount Spent	Balance	
BUDGET ITEM			U	··		
Personnel (Wages and Benefits)		\$	131,928	\$-	\$	131,928
Project manager (4% time), 74% salary 26% benefits, 2 yrs, Dr. Rebecca						
Montgomery; \$15,620						
Field coordinator (4% time), 74% salary 26% benefits, 2 yrs, Dr. Lee Frelich; \$7231						
Research Technicians (2 summers; 4 persons x 9 weeks x 40 h/week x 15/h +						
fringe); 66% salary, 36% benefits); \$60,000						
Salary and fringe (45.9%) for 1 graduate student for 2 years (0.25 FTE; \$49,077)						
		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
Equipment/Tools/Supplies						
Tablet rental for data entry, waders for high water work		\$	1,072	\$-	\$	1,072
		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
Printing						
		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
Travel expenses in Minnesota - in accordance with UMN Travel Policy						
University Fleet Rental (2 yrs * 4000\$ = \$8000); Lodging at Cloquet Forestry Center for four people (		\$	14,000	\$-	\$	14,000
2 yrs * 3 months * 250\$ per month * 4 people = 6000\$)						
Other						
		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
COLUMN TOTAL		\$	147,000	\$-	\$	147,000
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SOURCE AND USE OF OTHER FUNDS CONTRIBUTED TO THE PROJECT	Status (secured or pending)		Budget	Spent	Balance	
Non-State:		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
State:		\$	-	\$-	\$	-
In kind:		\$	96,460	\$-	\$	96,460
Dr. Charlotte Roy's time (5% time) and Dr. Lindsey Shartell's time (5%), 66% salary						
34% benefit, 2 years , \$17,080	pending					
Unrecovered indirect costs @ 54% of modified total direct cost base of \$147,000 =						
\$79,380	pending					
Other ENRTF APPROPRIATIONS AWARDED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS	Amount legally obligated but not yet spent		Budget	Spent	Balance	
M.L. 2016. Chp. 186. Sec. 2. Subd. 08d: Evaluate Prescribed Burning Techniques to		Ś	267.000	\$ 241,000	Ś	26.000
Improve Habitat Management for Brushland Species		Ý	207,000	÷ 211,000	Ŷ	20,000

**Management goal:** Maintain open conditions that support >250 wildlife species including >80 species of greatest conservation need

**Problem 1:** Fire suppression leads to overgrown brushlands and loss of open conditions **Solution:** Use prescribed burning to mimic historical patterns of wildfire



**Overgrown Brushland** 

Prescribed fire in spring

**Problem 2:** Historically, wildfires occurred in all seasons: spring, summer and fall. Prescribed burns occur in spring. Cooler spring fires due to moist condition may hinder effective achievement of management goals.

**Solution:** Provide data on the impacts of summer and fall burns to support science-based guidelines for maintaining healthy brushland habitat.

